TECHNICAL DATA SHEET



SODIUM METABISULPHITE HP

PHYSICO-CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Formula : Na₂S₂O₅ Molecular weight : 190.12

Synonyms : Sodium bisulphite anhydrous, sodium pyrosulphite, sodium disulphite.

Bulk density : 1.15-1.3 kg/dm³ approx.

Water solubility : increases with the temperature according to the following table:

<u>t °C 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 70 80</u> g Na₂S₂O₅/100 g soln 38.8 39.2 39.6 40.1 40.5 41.7 42.8 44.1 45.5 46.9

QUALITATIVE CHARACTERISTICS

Appearance of the product white crystalline powder

Appearance of the 20% soln clear and colourless or pale yellow Assay % Na₂S₂O₅ > 98 % SO₂ > 66 Thiosulphate % S₂O₃ < 0.04 mg/kg as Fe Iron < 5 mg/kg as Pb Heavy metals < 10 Selenium mg/kg as Se < 1 mg/kg as As Arsenic < 1 mg/kg as Pb Lead < 2 Mercury mg/kg as Hg < 1 mg/kg as Sb Antimony < 1 Cadmium mg/kg as Cd < 1 Chromium mg/kg as Cr < 1 Nickel mg/kg as Ni < 1

The product complies specifications of: Regulation EU 231/2012 (food additives), FCC XII (2020), UNI EN 12121:2013 (chemicals used for treatment of drinking water), ANSI PH4.276 and ISO 3627 (photo standards)

The indicated values are intended as determined according to our standard analysis methods.

STANDARD PACKAGING

25 kg polyethylene bags (on demand with *antistatic treatment,* ATEX directive 1999/92/EC) Various sizes bulk bags on pallets, shrinkwrapped

STORAGE

Store the product in a dry and cool place because the wet product easily oxidises to sodium sulphate, while heated over 60° C develops SO_2 , yielding sodium sulphite.

MAIN USES

In food industry as additive (E223) preservative, antioxidant and antimicrobic for fruits (dried, glazed and candled), vegetables (onions, potatoes, etc.), juices (citrus and grapes) and fish (shrimps and prawns). In silage treatment as antifermentative.

In starch and sweeteners production as bacteriostatic.

In the photographic industry as component of developer bath.

In desalting plants with reverse osmosis (for removing the excess of chlorine and for membrane preservation) or in drinking water treatment (to remove the excess of chlorine).

In chemical synthesis in the production of acrylic fibres, vitamin K and A, pharmaceutical intermediates, etc.

FOR HANDLING INFORMATION PLEASE CONSULT THE SAFETY DATA SHEET.

THIS TECHNICAL DATA SHEET IS IDENTIFIED AS NPH 1 (0921) E10